

Data Collection Worksheet

Please Note: The Data Collection Worksheet (DCW) is a tool to aid integration of a PhenX protocol into a study. The PhenX DCW is not designed to be a data collection instrument. Investigators will need to decide the best way to collect data for the PhenX protocol in their study. Variables captured in the DCW, along with variable names and unique PhenX variable identifiers, are included in the PhenX Data Dictionary (DD) files.

Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS)

Summary of the ESRS examination procedure

- 1. Patient is asked to remove their shoes (omitted if judged clinically inappropriate or when patient hesitates, or delayed after patient has walked (after # 7). The patient is asked to remove anything from their mouth (except dentures). The patient is asked to sit facing the examiner on a chair with no armrests.
- 2. Observe facial expressiveness, speech, and dyskinesia while completing the questionnaire and while completing items 4, 5, and 6 below.
- 3. Patient is asked to extend both arms forward, with palms down and eyes closed.
- 4. The patient is asked to carry out pronation and supination of both hands as fast as possible, and to perform rapid alternate movements of both wrists. Repeat as necessary.
- 5. While the patient sits facing the examiner on a chair with no armrests about 1 foot (approx. 30 cm) from a table with his upper body turned, the patient is asked to copy a spiral with each hand and to write the name of his town, province/state and country.
- 6. Patient is asked to walk a distance of 12-15 feet (4-5 m) away from, and then back towards the examiner. Repeat as necessary.
- 7. Patient is asked to stand erect with eyes open with feet slightly apart (1-2 cm). The examiner pushes the patient on each shoulder, the back and pushes the chest or pulls from the back while asking the patient to keep his balance.
- 8. Carry out the examination of the muscular tonus of the four limbs.

In case of doubt score the lesser severity.

I. QUESTIONNAIRE: Parkinsonism, Akathisia, Dystonia and Dyskinesia. In this

questionnaire, take into account the verbal report of the patient on the following: 1) the duration of the symptom during the day; 2) the number of days where the symptom was present during the last week; and, 3) the evaluation of the intensity of the symptom by the patient.

Enquire into the status of each symptom and rate accordingly

		Absent	Mild	Moderate	Severe	
•	slowness or weakness, ring out routine tasks	0	1	2	3	II
2. Difficulty walk	ing or with balance	0	1	2	3	II
3. Stiffness, stiff	posture	0	1	2	3	II
4. Restless, nervo	ous, unable to keep still	0	1	2	3	II
5. Tremors, shaki	0	1	2	3	II	
6. Oculogyric cris	0	1	2	3	I_I	
7. Abnormal involution (dyskinesia) of to extremities or true	0	1	2	3	II	
II. EXAMINATION:	PARKINSONISM AND AKA	THISIA				
Items based on physical examinations for Parkinsonism						
	Occasional Frequent		Co	onstant or A	Almost Sc)
1. Tremor						
None:	0			Right up	per	I

				limb	
Borderline:	1			Left upper limb	<u> _ </u>
Small amplitude:	2	3	4	Right lower limb	<u> _ </u>
Moderate amplitude:	3	4	5	Left lower limb	<u> _ </u>
Large amplitude:	4	5	6	Head	Jaw/chin
				Tongue	Lips
2. Bradykinesia	0	normal			
	1	global impression of slowness in movements			
	2	definite slowness in movements			
	3	very mild difficulty in initiating movements			<u> _ </u>
	4	mild to moderate difficulty in initiating movements			
	5	difficulty in starting or stopping any movement, or freezing on initiating voluntary act			

	6	rare voluntary movement, almost completely immobile	
3. Gait & post	ure 0	normal	
	1	mild decrease of pendular arm movement	
	2	moderate decrease of pendular arm movement, normal steps	
	3	no pendular arm movement, head flexed, steps more or less normal	I <u></u> I
	4	stiff posture (neck, back) small step (shuffling gait)	
	5	more marked, festination or freezing on turning	
	6	triple flexion, barely able to walk	
4. Postural Stability	0	normal	
	1	hesitation when pushed but no retropulsion	

	2	retropulsion but recovers unaided		
	3	exaggerated retropulsion without falling		I_I
	4	absence of postural response would fall if not caught by examiner		
	5	unstable while standing, even without pushing		
	6	unable to stand without assistance		
5. Rigidity	0	normal muscle tone	Right upper limb	II
	1	very mild, barely perceptible	Left lower limb	II
	2	mild (some resistance to passive movements)	Right lower limb	II
	3	moderate (definite difficulty to move the limb)	Left lower limb	II
	4	moderately severe (moderate resistance but still easy to move limb)		

- 5 severe (marked resistance with definite difficulty to move the limb)
- 6 extremely severe (limb nearly frozen)

Items based on overall observation during examination for Parkinsonism

6. Expressive 0 normal automatic movements (Facial mask/speech)

- 1 very mild decrease in facial expressiveness
- 2 mild decrease in facial expressiveness
- 3 rare spontaneous smile, decrease blinking, voice slightly monotonous
- 4 no spontaneous smile, staring gaze, low monotonous speech, mumbling
- 5 marked facial mask, unable to frown, slurred speech

	6	extremely severe facial mask with unintelligible speech
7. Akathisia	0	absent
	1	looks restless, nervous, impatient, uncomfortable
	2	needs to move at least one extremity
	3	often needs to move one extremity or to change position
	4	moves one extremity almost constantly if sitting, or stamps feet while standing
	5	unable to sit down for more than a short period of time
	6	moves or walks constantly

III. Examination: DYSTONIA

Based on examination and observation

Acute torsion, and non-acute or chronic or tardive dystonia

C)	absent	Right uppe	r limb	II
1	I	very mild	Left upper	limb	I_I
2	2	mild	Right lower	r limb	I_I
3	3	moderate	Left lower	limb	I_I
4		moderately severe	Head		Jaw/chin
5	5	severe	Tongue	.1	Lips
6		extremely severe	Eyes		Trunk
IV. EXAMINATION:	DYSKINE	TIC MOVEMENT			
Based on examina	ation and	lobservation			
	Occasio	onal* Frequent**		Constant	t or Almost So
1. Lingual movements (slow lateral or torsion movement of tongue)					
none:	0				
borderline:	1				
clearly present, within oral cavity:	2	3		4	

with occasional partial protrusion:	3	4	5	
with complete protrusion:	4	5	6	II
2. Jaw movements (lateral movement, chewing, biting, clenching)				
none:	0			
borderline:	1			
clearly present, small amplitude:	2	3	4	
moderate amplitude:	3	4	5	
but without mouth opening:				
large amplitude:	4	5	6	1_1
with mouth opening:				
3. Bucco-labial movements (puckering, pouting,				

smacking, etc.)				
none:	0			
borderline:	1			
clearly present, small amplitude:	3	3	4	
moderate amplitude, forward movement of lips:	4	4	5	
large amplitude; marked, noisy smacking of lips:	5	5	6	I_I
4. Truncal movements (involuntary rocking, twisting, pelvic gyrations)				
none:	0			
borderline:	1			
clearly present, small amplitude:	2	3	4	
moderate amplitude:	3	4	5	
greater amplitude:	4	5	6	I_I

5. Upper extremities (choreoathetoid movements only: arms, wrists, hands, fingers)

0 none:

borderline: 1

clearly present, small amplitude, movement of one limb:

2

3

5 4

4

3

moderate amplitude, movement of one limb or movement of small amplitude involving two limbs:

5 1__1 greater 4 6

amplitude, movement involving two limbs:

6. Lower extremities (choreoathetoid movements only: legs, knees, ankles, toes):

none:	0			
borderline:	1			
clearly present, small amplitude, movement of one limb:	2	3	4	
moderate amplitude, movement of one limb or movement of small amplitude involving two limbs:	3	4	5	
greater amplitude, movement involving two limbs:	4	5	6	I
7. Other involuntary movements (swallowing, irregular respiration, frowning, blinking, grimacing, sighing, etc.)				
none:	0			
borderline:	1			

clearly present, small amplitude:	2	3	4		
moderate amplitude:	4	4	5		
greater amplitude:	5	5	6		
Specify	•••••		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
* when activated	or rarely sp	ontaneous			
** frequently spon	taneous an	d present when activated			
V. CLINICAL GLOBA	AL IMPRESSI	ON OF SEVERITY OF DYSK	INESIA		
Considering your	clinical exp	erience, how severe is th	e dyskinesia at this time?		
0: absent	3	: mild	6: marked		
1: borderline	4	: moderate	7: severe		
2: very mild	5	: moderately severe	8: extremely severe		
VI. CLINICAL GLO	BAL IMPRESS	SION OF SEVERITY OF PARK	KINSONISM		
Considering your	clinical exp	erience, how severe is th	e parkinsonism at this time?		
0: absent	3	: mild	6: marked		
1: borderline	4	: moderate	7: severe		
2: very mild	5	: moderately severe	8: extremely severe		
VII. CLINICAL GLOBAL IMPRESSION OF SEVERITY OF DYSTONIA					
Considering your clinical experience, how severe is the dystonia at this time?					

0: absent 3: mild 6: marked

1: borderline 4: moderate 7: severe

2: very mild 5: moderately severe 8: extremely severe

VIII. CLINICAL GLOBAL IMPRESSION OF SEVERITY OF AKATHISIA

Considering your clinical experience, how severe is the akathisia at this time?

0: absent 3: mild 6: marked

1: borderline 4: moderate 7: severe

2: very mild 5: moderately severe 8: extremely severe

Scoring:

Questionnaire for Parkinsonism, akathisia, dystonia and dyskinesia:

• Each item is rated on a four point scale (0 = absent; 3 = severe). For subjective extra-pyramidal symptoms, severity is assessed over the last seven days and persistent symptoms are rated for the most typical day over the last seven.

Examination for Parkinsonism and akathisia (subscale II):

- Tremors and rigidity are scored on a seven-point scale (0 = none; 6 = severe) for each body part. Ratings for tremors account for amplitude and number of times the movement occurs during the interview.
- Total scores range from 0-102.
- A score of 3 or greater on any of the items is required to establish Parkinsonism for initiation of anti-Parkinsonism treatment.
- A score of 2 on 2 items or a score of 3 or greater on one item is required to establish the presence of Parkinsonism.
- Hypokinesia subscale scores (ranging from 0-42) are calculated from gait and posture, rigidity, expressive automatic movements, and bradykinesia.
- Hyperkinesia subscale scores (ranging from 0-54) are calculated from tremor and akathisia items.

Examination for dystonia:

- Acute and chronic movements are scored on a seven point scale (0 = none; 6 = most severe). Each body part is rated separately.
- Dystonia scores range from 0-60 and includes both acute and chronic dystonia.
- A score of three or greater on at least one item or a score of 2 on 2 items is required for presence of dystonia.

Examination for dyskinesia:

- Movements are scored on a seven-point scale (0 = none; 6 = severe) for each body part. Ratings account for amplitude and number of times the movement occurs during the interview.
- Dyskinesia scores range from 0-42 and is the total of all seven items.
- A score of three or greater on at least one item or a score of 2 on 2 items is required for presence of dyskinesia.
- Tardive dyskinesia subscale scores for each item separately
- Buccal-lingual-masticatory subscale is the total (0-18) from items 1, 2, 3 and an extremities score (0-12) from items 5 and 6.

Total Score:

• A total DMID score can be derived by adding together all 41 items.

Clinical global impressions of severity of Parkinsonism, akathisia, dystonia, and tardive dyskinesia:

- Results are rated according to results of the subjective questionnaire, examination subscales, and the evaluator's clinical experience by applying an 8-point rating (0: absent; 1: borderline; 2: very mild; 3: mild; 4: moderate; 5: moderately severe; 6: marked; 7: severe; 8: extremely severe).
- The 4 clinical global impressions of severity subscales are analyzed as separate items.

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